# Commonwealth of Virginia Locality Recycling Rate Report For Calendar Year 2021 

Reporting Solid Waste Planning Unit: Virginia Tech
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Summary: Virginia Tech, the Town of Blacksburg, the Town of Christiansburg, and Montgomery County represent the four jurisdictional members of the Montgomery Regional Solid Waste Authority (MRSWA). Located in Christiansburg, MRSWA operates a transfer facility that receives the majority of our principal recyclable materials (PRMs), and all of our municipal solid waste (MSW). Our region uses a "single stream recycling system" with Recycling \& Disposal Solutions (RDS) in nearby Salem, Virginia serving as the "hub." Food waste is collected at all, on-campus, dining facilities and stored, transported and processed into composting material by Royal Oak Farm (ROF) at their facility in Evington, Virginia. The New River Resource Authority (NRRA) located in Dublin, Virginia operates the local landfill. Virginia Tech owns and operates a Quarry that produces "Hokie Stone," the Limestone-Dolomite stone for the exterior of most campus buildings. Like 2020, Calendar Year 2021 was dominated by the COVID-19 pandemic which continued to impact recycling and trash collection operations at all levels. The significant increase in our trash tonnage was caused by more disposable takeout containers ending up in the trash. We noticed a significant increase in food deliveries which means less waste stays at the dining facilities. With the increased MSW, recycling tonnages remained about the same. Our food waste collection increased from 138 tons to 260 tons which is still well below the 566 tons from 2019. During 2021, we implemented the Governor's E0-77 mandates to our waste reduction efforts which eliminates single use plastics on campus. The impacts of these efforts won't be reflected in the FY21 numbers. We will be contracting for a waste consultant to do a complete audit of our operations this year and anticipate this will help us improve our overall waste and recycling efforts.

Virginia Tech achieved a 31.5\% Recycling Rate and a 78\% Waste Diversion Rate (percentage of waste kept out of the local landfill) for Calendar Year 2021 (page 2).

Data in this report was collected from our recycling and solid waste facilities and other campus stakeholders. I certify that I have personally examined, and am familiar with, the information submitted in this form, and that based on my inquiry of the individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the submitted information is true, accurate and complete.


AVP- Facility Operations 22 Mar 2022
Authorized Signature
Title
Date

PART A: Recycling Rate Calculation - Using the formulae provided below and the information reported on Pages 3, 4 and 5 to calculate your recycling rates.

Step 1: $[($ PRMs $) /($ PRMs + MSW Disposed $)]$ X $100=$ Base Recycling Rate $\%$


Step 2: CREDITS calculation
a. Total Recycling Residue
b. Total Solid Waste Reused
c. Total Non-MSW Recycled

| $0 \frac{0}{17}$ tons |
| ---: |
| $-10,155$ tons |
| -2 |

CREDITS
10,172 tons
Adjusted
Step 3: [(PRMs + CREDITS) / (PRMs + CREDITS + MSW Disposed)] X $100=$ Recycling Rate \#1*


Step 4: $\square$ Source Reduction Credit does not apply; or

X Adjusted Recycling Rate \#1 + 2\% SRP Credit = Adjusted Recycling Rate \#2*


Step 5: Final Recycling Rate* for Solid Waste Planning Unit =


* Total credits resulting from Steps 3 and 4 may not exceed 5 percentage points above the Base Recycling Rate achieved by the Solid Waste Planning Unit.

Part I: Principal Recyclable Materials (PRMs): Report only PRM material generated within the reporting SWPU and recycled, NOT imported PRMs for recycling.

| PRM TYPE | RECYCLED AMOUNT (TONS) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Paper | 141 |
| Metal | 42 |
| Plastic | $\underline{0}$ |
| Glass | 0 |
| Commingled (also known as Single Stream) | 386 |
| Yard Waste (composted or mulched) | 150 |
| Waste wood (chipped or mulched) | 250 |
| White Goods | 6 |
| Tires | 4 |
| Used Oil | $\underline{2}$ |
| Used Oil Filters | 1 |
| Batteries | 1 |
| Electronics | 3 |
| Fluorescent Bulbs \& Ballasts | $\underline{9}$ |
| Food Waste Organic - Composting | 260 |
| Waste Cooking Oil | $\underline{35}$ |
| TOTAL PRMs | 1,290 (PRMs) |
|  | (Enter Total on Page 2, Step 1) |

## Listing of sources for PRM data

1. Solid waste facilities from Virginia Tech which MSW disposed/recycled data was collected:
a. Office of Sustainability - Campus Planning, Infrastructure \& Facilities (CPIF) Division
b. Facilities Operations (Buildings \& Grounds) - CPIF Division
c. Capital Construction \& Renovation - CPIF Division
d. Dining Services - Division of Student Affairs
e. Housing \& Residence Live - Division of Student Affairs
f. Environmental Health \& Safety Department
g. Fleet Services - Parking \& Transportation Department
h. Athletic Department
i. Human Resources Department
2. Other facilities/operations (not included in \#1 above) from which MSW disposed/recycled data was collected:
a. Montgomery Regional Solid Waste Authority (MRSWA) - Christiansburg, VA
b. YMCA at Virginia Tech - Blacksburg, VA
c. Campus Kitchens Food Donation Program - VT Engage - Blacksburg, VA
d.
e.
f. $\qquad$
g.
h.
i.

## Part II: Credits by Category (see Credits Worksheet, Page 5)

A. Recycling Residue - "Recycling residue" means the (i) nonmetallic substances, including but not limited to plastic, rubber, and insulation, which remain after a shredder has separated for purposes of recycling the ferrous and nonferrous metal from a motor vehicle, appliance, or other discarded metallic item and (ii) organic waste remaining after removal of metals, glass, plastics and paper which are to be recycled as part of a resource recovery process for municipal solid waste resulting in the production of a refuse derived fuel. (§ 10.1-1400 of the Code of Virginia) (use only SWPU generation)

MATERIAL DESCRIPTION

FACILITY/OPERATION
from
$\qquad$ from $\qquad$ from $\qquad$
TONS OF MATERIAL
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

TOTAL RECYCLING RESIDUE
(Enter Total on Page 2, Step 2 a)

## B. Solid Waste Re-Used

## MATERIAL

 DESCRIPTIONREUSE METHOD
TONS OF MATERIAL
Furniture/Appliances YToss? Program (Collected - Student Move-Out)
Food Donation Prgm Partnership w/Dining Services \& VT Engage Grp
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
TOTAL SOLID WASTE REUSED
17
(Enter Total on Page 2, Step 2 b)

## C. Non-Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) Recycled

MATERIAL DESCRIPTION

RECYCLING METHOD
TONS OF MATERIAL
"Hokie Stone" Gravel "Overburden" (Cuttings) from VT Quarry Ops 8,795
Asphalt Milled Asphalt from VDOT Campus Roadwork Masonry,Concrete, etc. Construction Projects (Data \& Decision Sci)

TOTAL NON-MSW RECYCLED
(Enter Total on Page 2, Step 2 c)

D: A credit of two (2) percentage points may be added to the Adjusted Recycling Rate \#1 if the Solid Waste Planning Unit has implemented a Source Reduction Program (SRP). Examples of SRPs include Grass-cycling, Home Composting, Clothing Reuse, Office Paper Reduction (duplexing), Multi-Use Pallets, or Paper Towel Reduction. The SRP must be included in the Solid Waste Management Plan on file with the Department:

SRP description: Campus Kitchens Program is a partnership with VT Engage \& Dining Svcs (Division of Student Affairs) to donate excess food to local community.
SRP description: YMCA at Virginia Tech's YToss Program collects reusable items from our students in residence halls during Spring Move Out for sale in the Fall 2021.
SRP description: The Procurement Department's Sustainable Procurement Policy introduced in Spring 2020 and focuses on waste reduction at the front of the waste stream.
(Certify on Page 2, Step 4)

Exclusions: For the purposes of this report, the following materials are not considered solid wastes, and should not be included in any of the data categories utilized in calculating the recycling rate.

1. Biosolids -industrial sludge, animal manures; or, sewage sludge (unless composted)
2. Automobiles - unless part of the Inoperable Vehicle Program (DMV)
3. Leachate
4. Soils - contaminated soils, soil material from road maintenance
5. Household hazardous waste

Hazardous waste
7. Medical waste
8. Rocks or stone
9. Woody waste derived from land clearing for development, VDOT or easement tree trimming/clearing.

Part III: Total Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) Disposed** - Report only MSW generated within the reporting jurisdiction(s), NOT imported wastes or industrial wastes.

## MSW TYPE

TOTAL AMOUNT of MSW DISPOSED (TONS)
Household
Commercial
Institutional
Other (DO NOT INCLUDE INDUSTRIAL WASTES)
TOTAL MSW DISPOSED
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3,588
(Enter Total on Page 2, Step 1 and Step 3)
Note: MSW DISPOSED for the purpose of this report means delivered to a permitted sanitary landfill, delivered to a waste-to-energy facility, or managed at a transfer station for transport to a landfill or waste-to-energy facility.

## Credits Worksheet

I. Reuse of any Solid Waste

III. Inoperable Vehicles Removed and Demolished - include number of vehicles that the localities received reimbursement from DMV under §46.2-1207 of the Code of Virginia.
\# of vehicles removed/reimbursement received Average tonnage per vehicle

Total Tons
$\overline{\mathrm{X}}^{1 \text { Ton each }}$

0 (enter data on Page 3, PRMs, as Inoperative Motor Vehicle Program)

NOTE: Check "Exclusions" on Page 5 to avoid listing of those materials on this worksheet and/or in the data fields of this report.

## Part C: Recycling Rate Report Instructions

Amended Regulations for the Development of Solid Waste Management Plans (9 VAC 20-130-10 et seq.) require that Solid Waste Planning Units (SWPUs) in the Commonwealth develop complete, revised solid waste management plans. Section 9 VAC 20-130-120 B \& C of the Regulations requires that a minimum recycling rate of the total municipal solid waste generated annually in each solid waste planning unit be maintained. It also requires that the plan describe how this rate shall be met or exceeded and requires that the calculation methodology be included in the plan. Section 9 VAC 20-130-165 D establishes that every solid waste management planning unit with populations over 100,000 shall submit to the department by April 30 of each year, the data and calculations required in 9 VAC 20-130-120 B \& C for the preceding calendar year. SWPUs with populations of 100,000 or less are only required to report every 4 years (CY years 2016 and forward).
NOTE: ONLY RECYCLING RATE REPORTS FROM AN APPROVED SOLID WASTE PLANNING UNIT (SWPU) WILL BE ACCEPTED FOR PROCESSING. JURISDICTIONS WITHIN A SWPU MUST SUBMIT THEIR RECYCLING DATA TO THE SWPU FOR INCORPORATION INTO THE ANNUAL REPORT.

It is requested that all amounts included on the form be listed in tons ( $\mathbf{2 , 0 0 0}$ pounds). If actual weights are not known, volumes can be converted to weight estimates. To assist you with these estimates, a standardized volume-to-weight conversion table is attached.

Contact Information Section: Please provide information on the Reporting SWPU and information on the individual completing this form. Under Member Governments, please list the local governments identified in the applicable solid waste management plan.

Calculated Recycling Rate Section: Using the formulae provided, calculate your recycling rates for the reporting period from information identified in the Recycling Rate Calculations Section.

Signature Block Section: Please provide an authorized signature prior to submitting the completed form. Authorized signatories include Executive Officer, Administrator, or other legally designated representative of the SWPU reporting entity.

Recycling Rate Calculations Section: Please provide the requested information:
Part I: Principal Recyclable Material (PRM) - Report the amount in tons of each PRM collected for recycling in the named jurisdiction(s) during the reporting period. PRMs include paper, metal, plastic, container glass, commingled, yard waste, waste wood, textiles, tires, used oil, used oil filters, used antifreeze, batteries, electronics, and other materials approved by the Director taken from the Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) generation. A one ton credit may also be entered for each inoperable motor vehicle for which a locality receives reimbursement from the Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles under §46.2-1207 of the Code of Virginia. The total weight in TONS of all PRMs collected for recycling is represented as PRMs in the Recycling Rate Calculation. New for CY 2015: Provide source information for the PRMs reported on the report (permitted and unpermitted facilities).
Part II: Credits - Report the amount in TONS of each material for which recycling credit is authorized in §10.11411.C of the Code of Virginia: (i) one ton for each ton of recycling residue generated in Virginia and deposited in a landfill permitted under §10.1-1408.1 of the Code of Virginia; (ii) one ton for each ton of any solid waste material that is reused; and, (iii) one ton for each ton of any non-municipal solid waste that is recycled. The total weight in TONS of all material for which credits are authorized is represented as CREDITS in the Recycling Rate Calculation. A credit of two percentage points of the minimum recycling rate mandated for the Solid Waste Planning Unit (SWPU) may be taken for a source reduction program that is implemented and identified in its Solid Waste Management Plan. Total credits may not exceed five percentage points above the Base Recycling Rate achieved by the SWPU.

Part III: Total Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) Disposed: Report the total amount in TONS of MSW that was disposed of by the Solid Waste Planning Unit (SWPU) during the reporting period for each of the source categories (Household, Commercial, Institutional, and Other). For the purpose of this report, "disposed," means delivery to a permitted sanitary landfill or waste incinerator for disposal, and excludes industrial wastes. Industrial waste and by-products should not be included in the MSW or Recycling calculation. The total weight in tons of MSW disposed is represented as MSW Disposed in the Recycling Rate Calculation.

Locality Recycling Rate Report Volume to Weight Conversion Table

| Material | Volume | Weight in Pounds |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Metal |  |  |
| Aluminum Cans, Whole | One cubic yard | 50-74 |
| Aluminum Cans, Flattened | One cubic yard | 250 |
| Aluminum Cans | One full grocery bag | 1.5 |
| Ferrous Cans, Whole | One cubic yard | 150 |
| Ferrous Cans, Flattened | One cubic yard | 850 |
| Automobile Bodies | One vehicle | 2,000 |
| Paper |  |  |
| Newsprint, Loose | One cubic yard | 360-800 |
| Newsprint, Compacted | One cubic yard | 720-1,000 |
| Newsprint | 12" stack | 35 |
| Corrugated Cardboard, Loose | One cubic yard | 75-100 |
| Corrugated Cardboard, Baled | One cubic yard | 1,000-2,000 |
| Plastic |  |  |
| PETE, Whole, Loose | One cubic yard | 30-40 |
| PETE, Whole, Loose | Gaylord | 40-53 |
| PETE, Whole, Baled | $30^{\prime \prime} \times 62$ " | 500 |
| Film, Baled | 30 x 42" x 48" | 1,100 |
| Film, Baled | Semi-Load | 44,000 |
| Film, Loose | Standard grocery bag | 15 |
| HDPE (Dairy Only), Whole, Loose | One cubic yard | 24 |
| HDPE (Dairy Only), Baled | $32^{\prime \prime} \times 60$ " | 400-500 |
| HDPE (Mixed), Baled | $32^{\prime \prime} \times 60$ " | 900 |
| Mixed PET \& Dairy, Whole, Loose | One cubic yard | 32 |
| Mixed PET, Dairy \& Other Rigid (Whole, Loose) | One cubic yard | 38 |
| Mixed Rigid, No Film | One cubic yard | 49 |
| Glass |  |  |
| Glass, Whole Bottles | One cubic yard | 600-1,000 |
| Glass, Semi-Crushed | One cubic yard | 1,000-1,800 |
| Glass, Crushed (Mechanically) | One cubic yard | 800-2,700 |
| Glass, Whole Bottles | One full grocery bag | 16 |
| Glass, Uncrushed to Manually Broken | 55 gallon drum | 125-500 |
| Arboreal |  |  |
| Leaves, Uncompacted | One cubic yard | 200-250 |
| Leaves, Compacted | One cubic yard | 300-450 |
| Leaves, Vacuumed | One cubic yard | 350 |
| Wood Chips | One cubic yard | 500 |
| Grass Clippings | One cubic yard | 400-1,500 |
| Other |  |  |
| Battery (Heavy Equipment) | One | 60 |
| Battery (Auto) | One | 35.9 |
| Used Motor Oil | One gallon | 7.4 |
| Used Oil Filters (Uncrushed) | 55 gallon drum | 66 Lbs./Used Oil + 110 Lbs./Ferrous Metal |
| Used Oil Filters (Crushed) | 55 gallon drum | 16.5 Lbs./Used Oil + 368 Lbs./Ferrous Metal |
| Tire - Passenger Car | One | 20 |
| Tire - Truck, Light | One | 35 |
| Tire - Semi | One | 105 |
| Antifreeze | One gallon | 8.42 |
| Food Waste, Solid \& Liquid Fats | 55 gallon drum | 412 |
| Electronics: CRT/CPU/LapTop/TV | Each (avg wt from NCER) | 38/26/8/49 respectively |

This Table For General Guidance Only.

